



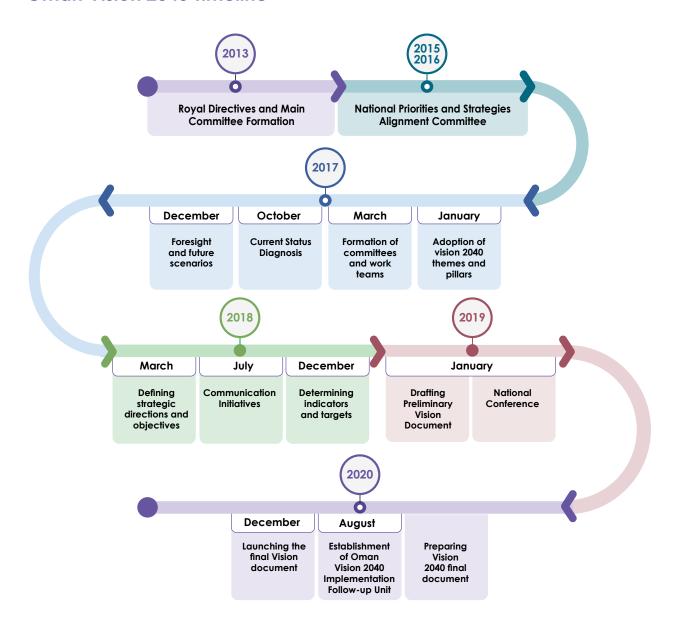








Oman Vision 2040 Timeline



Oman Vision 2040 Document

His Majesty Sultan Haitham bin Tariq approved the launch of Oman Vision 2040 in December 2020, the document of which revolves around 12 national priorities falling into four main pillars:



People and Society



Economy and Development



Governance and Institutional Performance



Sustainable Environment



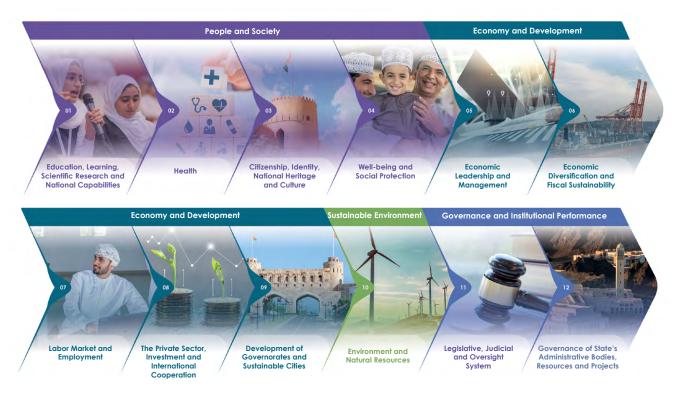


The document addresses each priority independently, including a detailed explanation of the priority's strategic direction, objectives, and international and national indicators. Each indicator's target performance in 2030 and 2040 was determined, as well as an explanation of the relationship between the vision's strategic directions and the 2030 Sustainable Development Goals.

Oman Vision 2040 Document Components



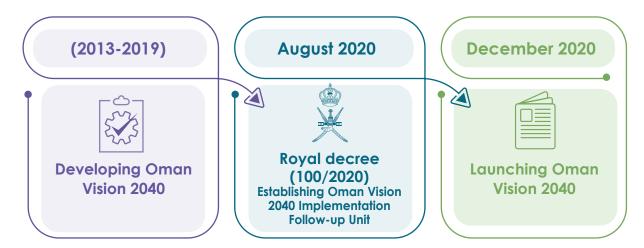
Vision Pillars and Priorities







Oman Vision 2040 Implementation Follow-up Unit



Oman Vision 2040 Implementation Follow-up Unit was created by virtue of Royal Decree no. 100/2020 issued on August 18, 2020. The unit reports to the Council of Ministers and follows up on the work carried out by public and semi-government entities, and observe the roles of different sectors related to the vision's programs, according to their respective capacities and mandates. The unit also provides necessary support and proposes appropriate solutions to existing challenges, while ensuring integration of efforts.

Grounds the unit relies upon to follow up the vision implementation



The vision's success is the responsibility of all of us, without exception, in our respective positions, capabilities, and responsibilities. The vision was developed and crystallized with broad participation, and the unit will continue following up the implementation of the vision's objectives and indicators with the entities responsible of implementation.



The vision document has been designed to be adaptable with performance indicators that may be adjusted to keep pace with continuous changes.



The entity responsible of implementation will be in charge of ensuring that the targeted vision indicators are achieved.



The unit was established to support the concerned entities to achieve the vision, enhance cooperation and integration among them, as well as follow up implementation as per adopted methods, procedures, and operational plans.





The unit's methodologies in following up and supporting the achievement of Oman Vision 2040

Support Mechanism to activate the 5 methodologies

- Providing logistical support for national priorities and programmes
- Allocating special budget for national programs
- Providing the required manpower to enable national programs and initiatives
- Providing
 the required
 support from the
 communication
 and media, and
 financial and
 administrative
 affairs' teams
 within the ministry
 concerned with
 the national
 program

1- Future Forecast Methodology

A stream to follow up the updates and developments on the local and global arena, reflect their effect on the Vision priorities and provide appropriate recommendations in order to develop clear initiatives and plans to take advantage of opportunities and avoid expected risks.

2- Improving Vision's Indicators Methodology

A stream to ensure accurate follow-up of the complex indicators of the Vision, especially the international indicators that have a high impact on the competitiveness of the Sultanate of Oman, and develop plans to improve these indicators by studying the gaps and following up on the methods of their improvement.

3- Main Methodology (Assessment & Follow-up of Priorities)

The general follow-up stream of the priorities and capabilities of the Vision and the periodic diagnosis of each priority in terms of (governance and system - legislation and procedures - competencies - infrastructure, etc.). The aim of this follow up is to identify challenges and develop comprehensive solutions to overcome them and then measure their impact on the Vision indicators

4- Intensive Follow-up Methodology (National Programs)

A stream used to develop intensive national programs to overcome national-level challenges related to the Vision's priority areas. It also includes designing initiatives with detailed plans for each program and following-up them to ensure the achievement of the program's targets as soon as possible

5- Rapid Intervention Methodology (Under Development)

A stream for rapid intervention when sudden challenges occur on the national level. It quickly studies and analyzes the challenge, then develop a program to address the challenge, initially focusing on quick wins.





Follow-up System

Integrated National Dashboard for Indicators

The dashboard is one of the key drivers for the successful implementation of the follow-up and monitoring system, as the dashboard links the key indicators of the Vision with the operational indicators of the sector and program indicators. These are followed up and evaluated regularly at different levels.

Assessing main results and impact

Vision Indicators Dashboard

- The national and international indicators of the vision
- The main indicators of government entities (related to the roles of entities in achieving the vision)

Assessing the level of achievement in the efforts

Vision Programs and Initiatives Dashboard

 Following up the progress of initiatives and projects of the vision programs







An Overview of the Main Oman Vision 2040 Indicators

International Indicators:

Indicator	Baseline	Current status	2030 Target	2040 Target	
Global Innovation Index	2018 69 /127 countries	76 /132 countries	Top 40 Countries	Top 20 Countries	
Global Competitiveness Index	2018 47 /140 countries	Not calculated	Top 30 Countries	Top 20 Countries	
Skills, Global Competitiveness Index	2018 36 /140 countries	Not calculated	Top 20 Countries	Top 10 Countries	
Government effectiveness, World governance indicators	2017 81 /209 countries	2020 88 /214 countries	Top 30 Countries	Top 10 Countries	•
Environmental Performance Index	2018 115 /127 countries	2020 110 /180 countries	Top 40 Countries	Top 20 Countries	

Analysis of the Main International Indicators

Regarding Oman's performance in the main international indicators during 2020 and 2021, there is an improvement in the ranking of the Sultanate of Oman in the Global Innovation Index, reaching 76 in 2021 compared to 84 in 2020. Also, Oman achieved a higher ranking in the Environmental Performance Index in 2020 compared with 2018. On the other hand, it declined in the ranking of Government Effectiveness, World Governance Indicators, going back to 88 in 2020, compared to 81 in 2017. This happened before the restructuring of the government bodies in the second half of 2020, which might have a positive impact on the indicator in the future.

^{*}The report does not include all updates related to the indicators, as the publishing of some indicators comes later in the year.





National Indicators:

Indicator	Baseline	Current status	2030 Target	2040 Target	
GDP per capita	2017 Value 7617.8 OMR	2021 Value 7657.1 OMR Rate of increase 0.15%	Rate of Increase	Rate of Increase	
Real GDP Growth Rate	2017-2020 3.6% Average	2021 Value 2.95%	Rate of Increase	Rate of Increase	
Non-oil sectors share of GDP	61%	72.8%	Value > 83%	Value > 90%	•
Net Inflow of FDI to GDP	4.12%	4.5%	Value > 7%	Value > 10%	^
Omanis employment share of total jobs created in the private sector	11.6%	16.5%	Value > 35%	Value > 40%	

Analysis of the Main National Indicators

The national indicators witnessed an improvement in general during 2021 as a result of the gradual recovery of economic activities after Covid-19 pandemic, in addition to the rising oil prices, which in turn increased the oil revenues and the economic activities depending on it. Regarding the non-oil sector contribution to GDP, the indicator shows a decline due to the surge in oil activities contribution.

^{*}The report does not include all updates related to the indicators, as the publishing of some indicators comes later in the year.



Priority: Education, Learning, Scientific Research and National Capabilities

Strategic Direction: Inclusive Education, Lifelong Learning, and Scientific Research that Lead to a Knowledge-based Society and Competitive National Talents

This priority mainly aims at building qualified and competitive national capacities, making optimal use of the outputs of scientific research, and creating an integrated and sustainable system to support innovation.

Global Innovation Index

International

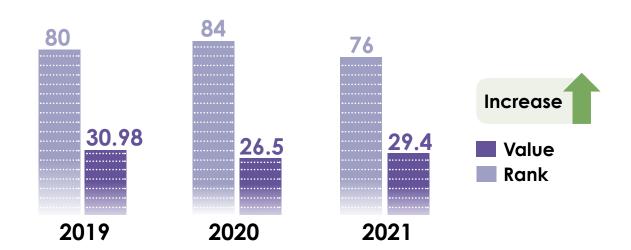
A composite index that measures innovation performance in countries through innovation inputs and outputs. Innovation inputs are measured based on institutions, workforce, infrastructure, market development and business development, whereas innovation outputs are measured based on knowledge, technology and creativity outputs.

2030 Target

Value > **41.19** or Top **40** countries

2040 Target

Value > **51.98** or Top **20** countries



^{*}The report does not include all updates related to the indicators, as the publishing of some indicators comes later in the year.



Priority: Well-being and Social Protection

Strategic Direction: A Decent and Sustainable Life for All

This priority aims mainly at creating an effective social protection system, and improving the standard of living and welfare for all segments of society.

Youth Development Index

International

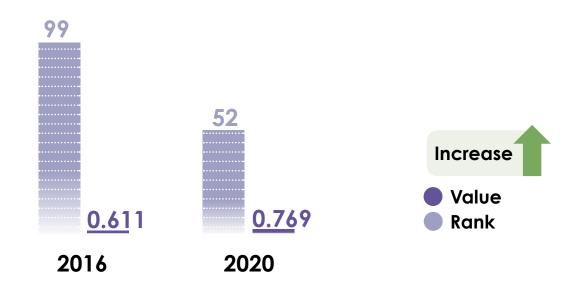
An indicator that measures youth performance and development in several main areas, namely education, health, job opportunities, political participation, and civil engagement.

2030 Target

Value > **0.717** or Top **40** countries

2040 Target

Value > **0.737** or Top **30** countries



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GDP per Capita (constant prices)

National

An indicator that calculates the gross domestic product (GDP) at constant prices over the population.

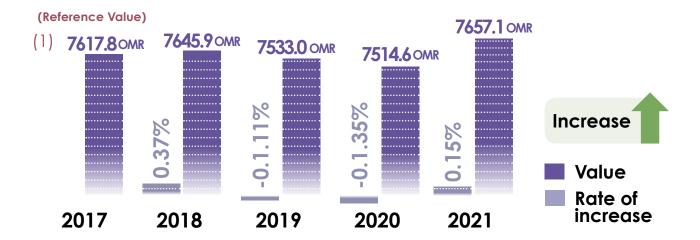
2030 Target

40% increase

2040 Target

90% increase

Sultanate of Oman Rank/Value –



(1) The base year of calculating the GDP was updated (2018) in the Statistical Yearbook 2021 **Remark:** Considerable improvement compared to 2020 after the rise of GDP in 2021.

^{*}The report does not include all updates related to the indicators, as the publishing of some indicators comes later in the year.



Priority: Economic Leadership and Management

Strategic Direction: A Dynamic Economic Leadership with Renewed Capabilities Operating within an Integrated Institutional Framework

This priority mainly aims at creating an effective economic leadership that is characterized by integrative and rapid decision-making and that keeps abreast of economic and social changes.

Real GDP Growth

National

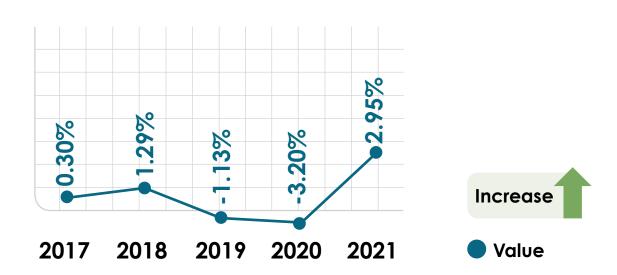
A general indicator that calculates the annual percent change in GDP growth.

2030 Target

5% annually

2040 Target

5% annually



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Priority: Economic Diversification and Fiscal Sustainability

Strategic Direction: A Diversified and Sustainable Economy that Is Based on Technology, Knowledge and Innovation, Operates within Integrated Frameworks, Ensures Competitiveness, Embraces Industrial Revolutions and Achieves Fiscal Sustainability.

This priority mainly aims at building a diversified and robust economy, and achieving fiscal and economic sustainability.

Total Public Expenditure to GDP Ratio

National

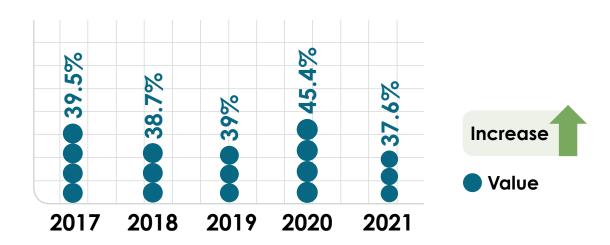
An indicator that measures the ratio of the general government expenditure to the GDP annually.

2030 Target

34%

2040 Target

25%



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Gross Debt to GDP Ratio

National

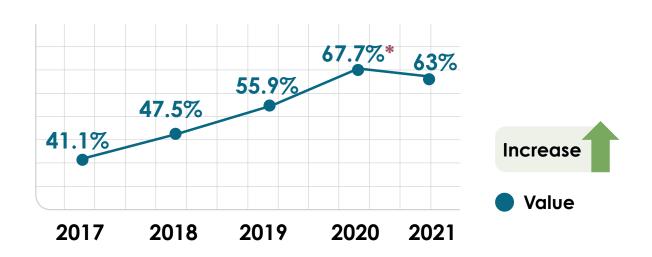
An indicator that measures the cumulative gross debt to gross domestic product (GDP).

2030 Target

Not to exceed 60%

2040 Target

Not to exceed 60%



^{*} Initial numbers for 2020 from Central Bank of Oman report for 2020

^{*}The report does not include all updates related to the indicators, as the publishing of some indicators comes later in the year.



Priority: Governance of State's Administrative Bodies, Resources and Projects

Strategic Direction: Flexible, Innovative and Future-Shaping Administrative Bodies Operating with Good Governance

This priority mainly aims at improving the efficiency of the state's administrative bodies and the quality of government work and projects.

e-Government Development Index

International

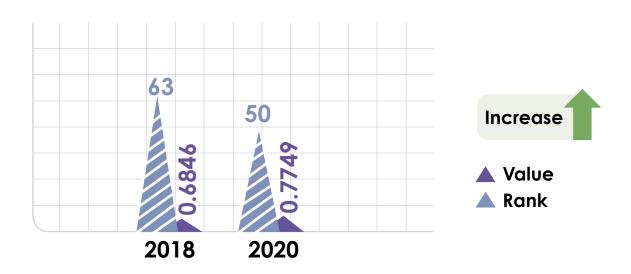
An indicator that gauges the development of government performance through digital government transformation. It has three main pillars: electronic services, communications infrastructure, and human resources.

2030 Target

Value > **0.8301** or Top **20** countries

2040 Target

Value > **0.8783** or Top **10** countries



^{*}The report does not include all updates related to the indicators, as the publishing of some indicators comes later in the year.



Rule of Law, World Governance Indicators International

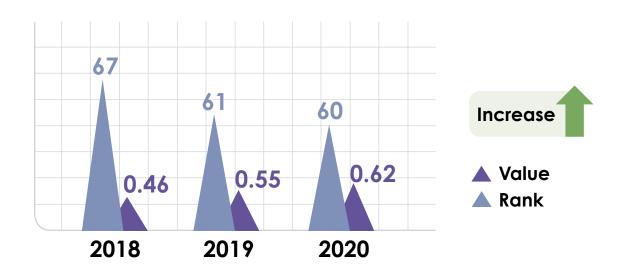
An explanatory indicator that measures people's confidence in: the government's implementation of laws - the quality and application of contracts - property rights - the police system - the judiciary system and their impression of the level of crime and violence in a country.

2030 Target

Value > **1.2** or Top **30** countries

2040 Target

Value > **1.8** or Top **10** countries



^{*}The report does not include all updates related to the indicators, as the publishing of some indicators comes later in the year.

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Priority: Environment and Natural Resources

Strategic Direction: Effective, Balanced and Resilient Ecosystems to Protect the Environment and Ensure Sustainability of Natural Resources to Support the National Economy

This priority mainly aims at creating a sustainable environment free of pollution, optimizing the use of natural resources, diversifying renewable energy sources, rationalizing energy consumption, and achieving food security.

Environmental Performance Index

International

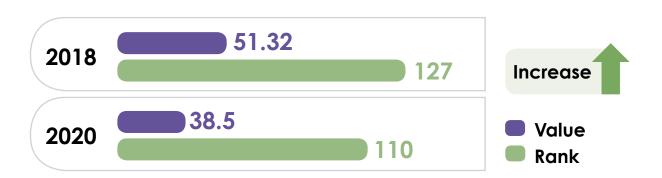
An indicator that determines the extent to which countries are committed to global environmental policies and their approach to an environmentally sustainable future. Under this index, there are 32 sub-indicators that measure biodiversity, fluids, air quality, climate, energy, water, sanitation, fisheries, water resources, and exposure to environmental risks.

2030 Target

Value > **65.46** or Top **40** countries

2040 Target

Value > **74.69** or Top **20** countries



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Efforts to Achieve Oman Vision 2040

The government's efforts to achieve Oman Vision 2040 are divided across two major tracks:

First:

The general track, which includes programs, initiatives, and projects in various national priorities.

Second:

The national programs track, which is of an acceleration nature, and designed in accordance with the intensive follow-up methodology, to achieve Oman Vision 2040's national priorities.













Efforts in the National Priorities

Tireless efforts are being made to achieve the national priorities of Oman Vision 2040, whether by royal decrees, directives and instructions, or initiatives and projects, or regulations and laws, as briefly detailed below:

Priority: Education, Learning, Scientific Research and National Capabilities



- Establishment of the University of Technology and Applied Sciences (UTAS).
- Royal directives on the application of vocational and technical education in post-basic education.
- Initiatives to encourage investment in the education sector.
- Public-Private Partnership to build schools.
- Initiatives to develop national capabilities with the skills required in the investment and economic fields.













Priority: Health



- Initiatives to support private investment in health sector.
- Project to enhance ICV in the health sector.

Priority: Well-being and Social Protection



- Social Protection Initiative
- Establishment of the Job Security System.
- Establishment of the National Fund for Emergency.
- Providing appropriate financial support to Omani women's associations and disability rehab centers.

Priority: Citizenship, Identity, National Heritage and Culture



 Initiatives to encourage investment in the sports/ youth/ art sectors

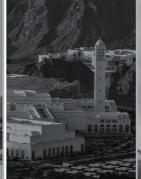












Priority: Economic Leadership and Management



 Topics of programs and initiatives related to economic and financial priorities of Oman Vision 2040 are discussed by the Council of Ministers' Financial and Economic Committee.

Priority: The private Sector, Investment and International Cooperation



- Launching the first package of the projects and initiatives of the National Program for Investment and Export Development "Nazdahir".
- Implementation of a number of government projects/services within PPP framework.

Priority: Labor Market and Employment



- Initiatives under development within the National Employment Program «Tashgheel".
- Royal directives to finance entrepreneurship programs and SMEs.













Priority: Economic Diversification and Financial Sustainability



- Several initiatives and projects have been developed within the National Program for Fiscal Balance.
- Developing a program to enable economic diversification sectors.
- Creating an integrated system for specifications and standards.

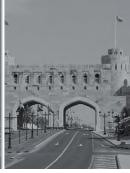
Priority: Development of governorates and Sustainable Cities



- Initiatives to develop Musandam Governorate.
- Al Buraimi Governorate Development Project.
- Initiatives to promote investment in the real estate development and municipal services sectors.
- Royal directives to raise the financial allocations for the Governorates Development Program from OMR 10 million to OMR 20 million for each governorate.













Priority: Governance of the State's Administrative Bodies, Resources and Projects



- Royal decrees related to the restructuring of the state's administrative bodies.
- Royal directives to establish a unit to support and make decisions.
- Royal directives to set up an independent unit reporting to HM the Sultan to measure the performance of government institutions.
- Individual Performance Measurement and Institutional Excellence System (Ejada).
- Initiatives to simplify and digitize government services.
- A project to privatize some government companies.
- Initiative to develop the Tender Board to include (Local Content/Strategic Procurement/Follow-up of Government Projects/Tenders).
- The annual plans program for the entities and the development of their performance indicators.
- Launching the National Program for Digital Economy.

Priority: Legislative, Judicial and Oversight System



 Initiatives to improve and streamline government procedures related to the legislative and judicial system.













Priority: Environment and Natural Resources



- Develop policies and procedures to reduce carbon dioxide emissions.
- Projects to utilize renewable natural resources to produce energy.
- Managing the waste sector and transforming it into an economic sector.
- Initiatives to promote food security (Food Security Lab Outcomes).
- Royal directives to establish Khor Kharfout Archaeological Reserve in Dhofar Governorate.
- Green Hydrogen projects.



National Programs

National programs are short or medium-term comprehensive programs, that are developed based on the stage requirements and the objectives of the five-year development plans in order to fulfill Oman Vision 2040's targets, with clear governance that achieves integration among stakeholders. These programs are regarded as a key driver of Oman Vision 2040's national priorities, as each national program encompasses a set of initiatives and projects that fall within the majority of the pillars of Oman Vision 2040 and serve several priorities. The implementation of the national programs is monitored by the relevant entities in each sector.

Given the conditions and challenges that have arisen since the vision's inception, such as public debt inflation, Omans declining credit ratings, low and volatile oil prices and the effects of Covid-19 pandemic, the unit decided that the first phase of the visions lifespan should be focused on financial and economic sustainability, in accordance with the targets of the 10th Five-Year Development Plan (2021-2025). As a result, the unit submitted to His Majesty -may Allah protect and preserve him- a proposal to implement two national programs: the National Program for Financial Sustainability, and the National Program for Investment and Export Development, both of which His Majesty blessed and praised.









National Programs







The National Program for Financial Sustainability

This program aims at developing the finance sector through introducing initiatives and projects that develop and promote the role of the banking sector and financing solutions, in addition to promoting the role of Capital Market in finance and investment, in order to achieve integration between financial, monetary, and economic policies.



Implementing entity: Ministry of Finance



The National Employment Program (Tashgheel)

This program aims at managing the job seekers' file with the aim of creating sustainable employment solutions and job opportunities for Omanis.



Implementing entity: Ministry of Labour

• The national programs, their timeline, initiatives and projects are subject to continuous review and assessment.

National Programs







The National Program for Investment and Exports Development (Nazdaher)

This program aims at uniting and strengthening government efforts to attract private investments, to be one of the drivers of supporting the national economy. It focuses on promoting and enabling the role of the private sector in leading the economic development through creating an attractive investment environment.



Implementing entity: Ministry of Commerce, Industry and Investment Promotion



Government Digital Transformation Program

This program aims at improving government entities' efficiency and discovering innovative solutions that are efficient, transparent, and creative, as well as contributing to improving the work environment through the simplification of business models and developing channels and tools to optimize the benefit of rapid technology changes.



Implementing entity: Ministry of Transport, Communications and Information Technology

- * The Government Digital Transformation Program is one of the implementation programs under the National Program for Digital Economy
- The national programs, their timeline, initiatives and projects are subject to continuous review and assessment.

